2017 House of Delegates
Report of the Policy Review Committee

Policies last reviewed in 2012
Policies related to 2016 HOD newly adopted policies

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This report is disseminated for consideration by the APhA House of Delegates and does not represent the position of the Association. Only those statements adopted by the House are considered official Association policy.
RETAINED POLICY STATEMENTS

1. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

APhA encourages the listing of all pharmacies in telephone, Internet and other directories under “Pharmacies.”

2. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2000 Use of the phrase “Community Pharmacy”
APhA supports use of the phrase “community pharmacy” rather than “retail pharmacy.”

3. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 2007 Biologic Drug Products
4. APhA should initiate educational programs for pharmacists and other health care professionals concerning the determination of therapeutic equivalence of generic/biosimilar versions of biologic drugs products.

COMMENTS: This item is included in both the RETAINING and ARCHIVING sections of this report. The Policy Review Committee recommends RETAINING statement #4 as this item is still relevant and not covered specifically in other policy statements. The Policy Review Committee recommends ARCHIVING statements #1, 2 and 3 as the committee feels more contemporary and comprehensive policy exists as part of APhA 2016 Biologic, Biosimilar, and Interchangeable Biologic Products. Items #1, 2 and 3 are shown in the ARCHIVED section of this report.

4. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2005, 1988 Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Products
APhA recognizes the urgent need for education and training of pharmacists and student pharmacists relative to the therapeutic and diagnostic use of pharmaceutical biotechnology products. APhA, therefore, supports the continuing development and implementation of such education and training.

5. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1991 Biotechnology
APhA encourages the development of appropriate educational materials and guidelines to assist pharmacists in addressing the ethical issues associated with the appropriate use of biotechnology-based products.
6. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**2005, 1998 Administration of Medications**

1. APhA recognizes and supports pharmacist administration of prescription and non-prescription drugs as a component of pharmacy practice.
2. APhA supports the development of educational programs and practice guidelines for student pharmacists and practitioners for the administration of prescription and non-prescription drugs.
3. APhA supports pharmacist compensation for administration of prescription and non-prescription drugs and services related to such administration
4. APhA urges adoption of state laws and regulations authorizing pharmacist administration of prescription and non-prescription drugs.


7. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**1979 Dispensing and/or Administration of Legend Drugs in Emergency Situations**

1. APhA supports making insect sting kits and other, life-saving, emergency, treatment kits available for lawful dispensing by pharmacists without a prescription order, based on the pharmacist’s professional judgment.
2. APhA supports permitting pharmacists to lawfully dispense and administer legend drugs in emergency situations, without an order from a licensed prescriber, provided that
   (a) There is an assessment on the part of the pharmacist and the patient that the drug is needed immediately to preserve the well-being of the patient, and;
   (b) The normal legal means for obtaining authorization to dispense the drug must not be immediately available, such as in cases where the patient’s physician is not available, and;
   (c) The quantity of the drug, which can be dispensed in an emergency situation, is enough so that the emergency situation can subside and the patient can be sustained for the immediate emergency, as determined by the pharmacist’s professional judgment.
3. APhA supports expansion of state Good Samaritan Acts to provide pharmacists immunity from professional liability for dispensing in emergency situations without order from a licensed prescriber.
4. APhA supports permitting pharmacists to lawfully dispense and/or administer legend drugs without an order from a licensed prescriber during disaster situations.


8. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**2012 Drug Supply Shortages and Patient Care**

1. APhA supports the immediate reporting by manufacturers to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) of disruptions that may impact the market supply of medically necessary drug products to prevent, mitigate, or resolve drug shortage issues and supports the authority for FDA to impose penalties for failing to report.
2. APhA supports revising current laws and regulations that restrict the FDA’s ability to provide timely communication to pharmacists, other health care providers, health systems, and professional associations regarding potential or real drug shortages.
3. APhA encourages the FDA, the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), and other stakeholders to collaborate in order to minimize barriers (e.g., aggregate production quotas, annual assessment of needs, unapproved drug initiatives) that contribute to or exacerbate drug shortages.
4. APhA should actively support legislation to hasten the development of an efficient regulatory process to approve therapeutically equivalent generic versions of biologic drug products.
5. APhA encourages pharmacists and other health care providers to assist in maintaining continuity of care during drug shortage situations by:
   (a) creating a practice site drug shortage plan as well as policies and procedures,
   (b) using reputable drug shortage management and information resources in decision making,
   (c) communicating with patients and coordinating with other health care providers,
   (d) avoiding excessive ordering and stockpiling of drugs,
   (e) acquiring drugs from reputable distributors, and
   (f) heightening their awareness of the potential for counterfeit or adulterated drugs entering the drug distribution system.

6. APhA encourages accrediting and regulatory agencies and the pharmaceutical science and manufacturing communities to evaluate policies/procedures related to the establishment and use of drug expiration dates and any impact those policies/procedures may have on drug shortages.

7. APhA encourages the active investigation and appropriate prosecution of entities that engage in price gouging and profiteering of medically necessary drug products in response to drug shortages.

9. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**1989 Impact of Drug Distribution Systems on Integrity and Stability of Drug Products**
APhA encourages the development and use of quality-control procedures by all persons or entities involved in the distribution and dispensing of drug products. Such procedures should assure drug product integrity and stability in accordance with official compendia standards.


10. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**2012 Drug Product Packaging**
APhA supports the use of tamper-evident packaging on pharmaceutical products throughout the supply chain before dispensing to reduce the potential of counterfeit and/or adulterated medications reaching patients.

(JApHA NS52(4) 458 July/August 2012)

11. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

**2012 Medication Verification**
APhA encourages including a description of a medication’s appearance on the pharmacy label or receipt as a means of reducing medication errors and distribution of counterfeit medications.

(JApHA NS52(4) 458 July/August 2012)

12. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

APhA supports state substitution laws which emphasize the pharmacists' professional responsibility for determining, on the basis of available evidence, including professional literature, clinical studies, drug recalls, manufacturer reputation and other pertinent factors, that the drug products they dispense are therapeutically effective.

13. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1987 Therapeutic Equivalence

1. APhA encourages continuing dialogue with other health care organizations with regard to the role of the pharmacist in therapeutic interchange, including the formation of a task force to include representatives of pharmacy, industry, government, and medicine for the purpose of adoption of uniform terminology and definitions related to chemical, biological, and therapeutic equivalence.

2. APhA supports the concept of therapeutic interchange of various drug products by pharmacists under arrangements in which pharmacists and authorized prescribers interrelate on behalf of the care of patients.


14. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2001, 1989 Uniform Designation for Drug Product Selection Authority

APhA supports a uniform procedure nationwide for designating on a prescription order that drug product selection by the pharmacist is precluded by the prescriber.


15. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 1981 Pharmacist Training in Nutrition

1. APhA advocates that all pharmacists become knowledgeable about the subject of nutrition.

2. APhA encourages schools and colleges of pharmacy as well as providers of continuing pharmacy education to offer education and training on the subject of nutrition.


16. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 1981 Pharmacist Training in Physical Assessments

APhA supports education and training by schools and colleges of pharmacy, as well as providers of continuing pharmacy education, to prepare pharmacists to perform physical assessments of patients.


17. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1981 Pharmacist Training in Medical Technology

1. APhA supports the education and training of pharmacists in the ordering and interpretation of laboratory tests as they may relate to the usage, dosing and administration of drugs.

2. APhA opposes requiring certification of pharmacists as medical technologists for the practice of pharmacy.


18. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 1999 Collective Bargaining/Unionization

1. APhA supports pharmacists’ participation in organizations that promote the discretion or professional prerogatives exercised by pharmacists in their practice, including the provision of patient care.

2. APhA supports the rights of pharmacists to negotiate with their respective employers for working conditions that will foster compliance with the standards of patient care as established by the profession.

19. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.


The employment relationship between pharmacists and their employers must start with the principle that pharmacists have a professional, inherent right to practice in a manner which will engender self-respect in pursuit of their professional and economic objectives. It is the policy of APhA to further the following basic employment standards:

1. Employers are obligated to respect the professional status, privileges, and responsibilities of employed pharmacists.
2. Employers are obligated to provide working conditions that enhance the ability of employed pharmacists to utilize their full professional capacity in providing patient care service to the public.
3. Employers are obligated to provide employed pharmacists opportunities to increase their professional knowledge and experience.
4. Employers are obligated to fairly compensate employed pharmacists commensurate with their duties and performances. Such compensation should include benefits generally available to other professionals including, but not limited to, vacation, sick leave, insurance plans, and retirement programs.
5. Employed pharmacists are obligated to use their best efforts to further the services offered to the public by their employers.
6. Employed pharmacists are obligated to unhesitatingly bring to the attention of their employers all matters which will assist the employers in maintaining professional standards and successful practices.
7. Employed pharmacists are obligated, when negotiating compensation, to consider not only prevailing economic conditions in their community, but also their economic position relative to other health care professionals.
8. Employed pharmacists are obligated to recognize that their responsibility includes not depriving the public of their patient care services by striking in support of their economic demands or those of others.
9. Both employers and employed pharmacists are obligated to reach and maintain definite understandings with regards to their respective economic rights and duties by resolving employment issues fairly, promptly, and in good faith.

It is the policy of APhA to support these basic employment standards by:

1. Encouraging and assisting state pharmacists associations and national specialty associations to establish broadly representative bodies to study the subject of professional and economic relations and to establish locally responsive guidelines to assist employers and employed pharmacists in developing satisfactory employment relationships.
2. Encouraging and assisting state pharmacists associations and national specialty associations to use their good offices, whenever invited, to resolve specific issues which may arise.
3. Assisting state pharmacists associations and national specialty associations to use their good offices, whenever invited, to resolve specific issues which may arise.
4. Assisting state pharmacists associations and national specialty associations to develop procedures for mediation or arbitration of disputes which may arise between employers and employed pharmacists so that pharmacists can call on their profession for such assistance when required.
5. Increasing its activities directed towards educating the profession about the mutual employment responsibilities of employers and employed pharmacists.
6. Developing benefits programs wherever possible to assist employers in providing employed pharmacists with economic security.
7. Continuously reminding pharmacists that the future development and status of pharmacy as a health profession rests in their willingness and ability to maintain control of their profession.

20. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1. APhA recognizes that the quality of a pharmacist’s work-life affects public safety and that a working environment conducive to providing effective patient care is essential.
2. APhA opposes the practice of imposing minimum numbers of prescriptions which pharmacists are to dispense in a given period of time. Further, APhA opposes employment practices that evaluate a pharmacist’s performance on the basis of set quotas of work performed.
3. APhA opposes employment practices that limit a pharmacist’s ability to provide effective patient care.

21. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1. APhA recognizes the need for an ongoing census of pharmacists to establish and track changes in workforce demographics and practice characteristics.
2. APhA urges the federal government or other stakeholders to establish funding mechanisms to conduct an ongoing census of pharmacists to establish and track changes in workforce demographics and practice characteristics.

22. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2004, 1977 Pharmacy Practice: Professional Judgment
1. APhA supports a pharmacist’s right, regardless of place or style of practice, to exercise individual professional judgment and complete authority for those individual professional responsibilities assumed.
2. APhA supports decision-making processes that ensure the opportunity for input by all pharmacists affected by the decisions.

23. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2011 Requiring Influenza Vaccination for All Pharmacy Personnel
APhA supports an annual influenza vaccination as a condition of employment, training, or volunteering within an organization that provides pharmacy services or operates a pharmacy or pharmacy department (unless a valid medical or religious reason precludes vaccination)
JAPhA NS51(4) 482;July/August 2011)(Reviewed 2012)

24. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2001 Stress and Conflict in the Workplace
APhA encourages employers to provide pharmacists with the tools required to manage stress and conflict within the workplace. 
25. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1999, 1971 Unionization of Pharmacists

1. The committee recommends that no change be made in the present policy of APhA with regard to becoming a collective bargaining unit.
2. The committee recommends that APhA continue its educational efforts concerning the mutual responsibilities of the employer and employee pharmacist inherent in the employment relationship.
3. The committee recommends that APhA continue to urge state associations to develop employee/employer relations committees to:
   (a) Study all aspects of both the professional and employment relationships that exist between the employer and the employee;
   (b) Develop and recommend guidelines to provide direction and guidance to both the employed pharmacist and the employer in developing a mutually acceptable relationship;
   (c) Conduct necessary surveys designed to provide information on salaries, benefits, and specific problems with attention given to possible regional variations in the data obtained, and;
   (d) Consider the establishment of an employment standards committee where feasible in each appropriate area of the state to act in an advisory and/or arbitrating capacity on matters pertaining to employment standards and employment grievances.
4. The committee recommends that colleges of pharmacy include the subject of employer/employee relations within an appropriate course of the curriculum.

26. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1999, 1970 Unionization of Pharmacists: State Participation in Employer/Employee Relations

The committee endorses the recommendations in the Provisional Policy Statement on Employment Standards submitted by the Board of Trustees at the special meeting of the House of Delegates in November, 1969. The committee recommends that any change in this statement to provide that APhA function as a collective bargaining unit be rejected.

27. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1990 Proper Handling & Disposal of Hazardous Pharmaceuticals & Associated Supplies & Materials

1. APhA supports the proper handling and disposal of hazardous, pharmaceutical products and associated supplies and materials by health professionals and by patients to whom such products, supplies, and materials are provided.
2. APhA supports involvement with representatives from other health professional organizations, industry, and government to develop recommendations for the proper handling and disposal of hazardous pharmaceuticals and associated supplies and materials.
3. APhA supports the development of educational programs for health professionals and patients on the proper handling and disposal of hazardous pharmaceuticals and associated supplies and materials.

28. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2007, 1992 Recycling of Pharmaceutical Packaging
APhA supports aggressive research and development by pharmacists, pharmaceutical manufacturers, waste product managers, and other appropriate parties of mechanisms to increase recycling of non-hazardous, pharmaceutical, packaging materials, to reduce unnecessary waste in pharmaceutical product packaging, and to minimize the opportunity for counterfeiters to use discarded packaging.

29. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2007 Re-Distribution of Previously Dispensed Medications
1. As a matter of patient safety, APhA opposes the re-dispensing of a previously dispensed medication once it has been out of the control of a health care professional.
2. APhA supports a public awareness program to explain why the re-dispensing of a previously dispensed medication once it is out of the control of the healthcare professional is a public health safety concern.

30. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2001 Syringe Disposal
APhA supports collaboration with other interested health care organizations, public and environmental health groups, waste management groups, syringe manufacturers, health insurers, and patient advocacy groups to develop and promote safer systems and procedures for the disposal of used needles and syringes by patients outside of health care facilities.

31. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1997 Collaborative Practice Agreements
1. APhA supports the establishment of collaborative practice agreements between pharmacists and other health care professionals designed to optimize patient care outcomes.
2. APhA shall promote the establishment and dissemination of guidelines and information to pharmacists and other health care professionals to facilitate the development of collaborative practice agreements.

32. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1967 State and Local Boards of Health
Because of the broad implications of the pharmacist’s role in public health, the committee recommends that pharmacists and pharmacy associations seek to have the state laws amended to require that a pharmacist serve on the state and local boards of health. One part of this effort should be an increased interest on the part of the pharmacist in his local health boards and commissions.
33. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2004, 1989 “Beyond-use Dating” by Pharmacists
APhA recommends that all pharmacists place a “beyond-use-date” on the labeling of all medications dispensed to patients as recommended by the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary or manufacturer.

34. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2004, 1971 Expiration Dating
APhA supports manufacturers of prescription and non-prescription drugs including on the package label adequate information regarding storage requirements and a date after which the product should not be used.

35. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2000 Regulation of Dietary Supplements
1. APhA shall work with Congress to modify the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act or enact other legislation to require that dietary supplement manufacturers provide evidence of efficacy and safety for all products, including products currently in the marketplace.
2. APhA supports the establishment and implementation of clear and effective enforcement policies to remove promptly unsafe or ineffective dietary supplement products from the marketplace.
3. APhA shall work with the FDA to improve dietary supplement product labeling to ensure full disclosure of all product components and their source with associated strengths and recommendations for use in specific patient populations.
4. APhA supports the development and enforcement of dietary supplement good manufacturing practices (GMPs) and compliance with USP/NF standards to assure quality, safe, contaminant-free products.
5. APhA encourages health care professionals, manufacturers, and consumers to report adverse health events associated with dietary supplements. APhA encourages the FDA to create a database with this information and make it available to all interested parties.

36. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2007 Privacy of Pharmacists’ Personal Information
1. APhA supports protecting pharmacist, student pharmacist, and pharmacy technician personal information (e.g. home address, telephone, and personal email address).
2. APhA opposes legislative or regulatory requirements that mandate the publication of pharmacist, student pharmacist and pharmacy technician personal information (e.g. home address, telephone, and personal email address).
3. APhA encourages state boards of pharmacy to remove from their Web sites personal addresses, phone numbers, email, and other non-business contact information of pharmacists, student pharmacists, and pharmacy technicians.
37. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012 Registration of Facilities
APhA supports state and federal laws and regulations that require registration with the state boards of pharmacy of all facilities involved in the storage, wholesale distribution, and issuance of legend drugs to patients, provided that such registration does not restrict the pharmacists from providing professional services independent of a facility.

(JAPhA NS52(4):458 July/August 2012)

38. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1. APhA recommends and supports enactment of state pharmacy practice act revisions enabling pharmacists to achieve the full scope of APhA’s Mission Statement for the Pharmacy Profession.
2. APhA supports standards of pharmacy practice reflecting the APhA Mission Statement for the Pharmacy Profession.

(JAPhA NS52(4):458 July/August 2012)

39. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 1992 Patient Care and Medication Distribution System
APhA encourages those responsible for practice environments without direct patient/pharmacist contact to use methods to enhance communication, face-to-face interaction, and patient care.

(JAPhA NS52(4):459 July/August 2012)

40. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1. APhA supports the need to protect the health of the American people through proper instruction in the safe and effective use of the more complex home-use diagnostic and monitoring products.
2. APhA supports the promotion of the pharmacist as a widely available and qualified health care professional to advise patients in the use of home-use diagnostic and monitoring products.

(JAPhA NS52(4):459 July/August 2012)

41. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2001 Pharmacist Counseling on Administration Devices
APhA encourages patient and caregiver education by a pharmacist on the appropriate use of drug administration devices.

(JAPhA NS52(4):459 July/August 2012)

42. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

APhA reaffirms its unequivocal support of equal opportunities for professional employment and advancement, compensation, and organizational leadership positions for all pharmacists regardless of gender, race, color, religion, national origin, age, disability, genetic information, sexual orientation, or any other category protected by federal or state law.

(JAPhA NS52(4):459 July/August 2012)
43. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**2012, 1991 Recruitment of a Diverse Population into Pharmacy**

1. APhA supports a vigorous long term program for the recruitment of a diverse population of student pharmacists into the pharmacy profession.
2. APhA encourages the development and regular updating of comprehensive recruitment materials, directed toward diversity and inclusion, that address such issues as pharmacy career opportunities, financial aid, and educational prerequisites, and that highlight professional diverse role models.
3. APhA encourages national, state, and local association; schools; students; and industry to create a network of pharmacists who would serve as role models for a diverse population of student pharmacists.
4. APhA supports the development of guidelines that assist schools of pharmacy in implementing diversity and inclusion initiatives into student pharmacist recruitment programs.


44. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**1971 Communications with Patients: Drug Delivery Practice**

APhA supports the Academy of General Practice of Pharmacy statement on drug delivery practice that reads as follows: “When requested by a patient or a prescriber to deliver medication to the home of a patient, the pharmacist will communicate directly with the patient, or his representative, instructions and warnings concerning the medication and ascertain that a responsible individual will receive the medication or determine that the medication will be left in a safe place.”


45. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**2012, 2003 The Pharmacist’s Role in Laboratory Monitoring and Health Screening**

1. APhA supports pharmacist involvement in appropriate laboratory testing and health screening, including pharmacists directly conducting the activity, supervising such activity, ordering and interpreting such tests, and communicating such tests results.
2. APhA supports revision of relevant laws and regulations to facilitate pharmacist involvement in appropriate laboratory testing and health screening as essential components of patient care.
3. APhA encourages research to further demonstrate the value of pharmacist involvement in laboratory testing and health screening services.
4. APhA supports public and private sector compensation for pharmacist involvement in laboratory testing and health screening services.
5. APhA supports training and education of pharmacists and student pharmacists to direct, perform, and interpret appropriate laboratory testing and health screening services. Such education and training should include proficiency testing, quality control, and quality assurance.
6. APhA encourages collaboration and research with other health care providers to ensure appropriate interpretation and use of laboratory monitoring and health screening results.


46. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**1989 Pharmacy-based Screening and Monitoring Services**

APhA supports projects that demonstrate and evaluate various pharmacy-based screening and monitoring services.

47. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2004, 1979 Drug Regimen Review (DRR) by Pharmacists
APhA endorses adequate compensation for pharmacists by the patient, the government, and/or all other third-party programs for performing drug regimen review in all settings where drug therapy is used.


48. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1. APhA recommends that all practitioners and wholesalers provide controlled, room temperature, storage conditions as defined in the official compendia to adequately store drug products.
2. APhA recommends that manufacturers adopt return goods policies that allow the return of drug products even if the expiration date has not yet occurred.
3. APhA shall continue to study the problem of drug storage at all levels of distribution including in transit, in the pharmacy, and in the home and provide guidance for the profession and public in these areas.


49. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1993 Patient Counseling Environment
APhA encourages the development and use of responsible and effective design of pharmacy facilities to allow for convenient, comfortable, and private pharmacist-patient communications.


50. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2001, 1990 Regulatory Infringements on Professional Practice
1. APhA, in cooperation with other national pharmacy organizations, shall take a leadership role in the establishment and maintenance of standards of practice for existing and emerging areas in the profession of pharmacy.
2. APhA encourages a cooperative process in the development, enforcement, and review of rules and regulations by agencies that affect any aspect of pharmacy practice, and this process must utilize the expertise of affected pharmacist specialists and their organizations.
3. APhA supports the right of pharmacists to exercise professional judgment in the implementation of standards of practice in their practice settings.


51. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2010, 2001 Prescription Order Requirements
1. APhA supports the use of technology to facilitate the transmission of prescription order information from the prescriber to the pharmacist of the patient’s choice at no additional cost to the pharmacy.
2. APhA supports the use of technology where appropriate standards for patient confidentiality and prescriber and pharmacist verification are established.
3. APhA supports the transmission of complete prescriber information on or with the prescription order that enables the pharmacist to readily identify and facilitate communication with the prescriber.
4. APhA supports the use of specific instructions with prescription orders. Use of potentially confusing terminology (such as “as directed”, unclear use of Latin phrases, confusing abbreviations, etc.) should be avoided.
5. APhA supports the inclusion of the diagnosis or indication for use for which the medication is ordered on or with the transmission of the prescription order by use of standard diagnosis codes or within the directions for use. APhA further supports the inclusion of patient-specific information on or with the prescription order where appropriate.
6. APhA supports public education about the benefits and risks of technological advances in pharmacy practice.


52. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2011, 1995 Adequacy of Directions for Use on Prescriptions and Prescription Orders
1. APhA recommends that all professions with prescriptive authority address the issue of prescribers’ responsibility for specific instructions to the pharmacist and the patient in all prescription orders.
2. APhA affirms the pharmacist’s responsibility, as the patient’s advocate, to obtain and communicate adequate directions for use of medications.

(Am Pharm NS35(6):37 June 1995) (Reviewed 2006) (JAPhA NS51(4) 484;July/August 2011)

53. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 2005, 1992 The Role of Pharmacists in Public Health Awareness
1. APhA recognizes the unique role and accessibility of pharmacist in public health.
2. APhA encourages pharmacists to provide services, education, and information on public health issues.
3. APhA encourages the development of public health programs for use by pharmacists and student pharmacists.
4. APhA should provide necessary information and materials for student pharmacists and pharmacists to carry out their role in disseminating public health information.
5. APhA encourages organizations to include pharmacists and student pharmacists in the development of public health programs.


54. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2007 WHO Policy on Infectious Diseases
1. APhA supports the World Health Organization’s (WHO) requirements for accurate and expeditious reporting of infectious diseases from all countries, including unrestricted sharing of infectious substance samples with WHO.
2. APhA supports access to affordable vaccines in all countries.


55. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 2002, 1964 Health Education: Selection of Pharmacist
APhA supports education of consumers about the importance of selecting their personal pharmacist to assist them in the proper use of all medications and medical devices.

56. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2002, 1971  Promotion of Pharmacists’ Value
APHa encourages a coordinated effort by state and national associations, individual pharmacists, pharmacy employers and stakeholders to promote public understanding about the nature, value and necessity of pharmacists’ services.

57. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1986  Use of the Title “Pharmacist”
APHa encourages the use of the title “Pharmacist” in communications and all public media.

58. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2005, 1977  Government-Financed Reimbursement
1. APhA supports only those government-operated or -financed, third-party prescription programs which ensure that participating pharmacists receive individualized, equitable compensation for professional services and reimbursement for products provided under the program.
2. APhA regards equitable compensation under any government-operated or -financed, third party prescription programs as requiring payments equivalent to a participating pharmacist’s prevailing charges to the self-paying public for comparable services and products, plus additional, documented, direct and indirect costs which are generated by participation in the program.
3. APhA supports those government-operated or -financed, third-party prescription programs which base compensation for professional services on professional fees and reimbursement for products provided on actual cost, with the provision of a specific exception to this policy in those instances when equity in professional compensation cannot otherwise be attained.

59. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2005, 1980  Inclusion of Pharmacist-Provided Patient Care Services in Health Programs
APHa supports the inclusion of pharmacist-provided patient care services in health care programs that are developed and/or funded by governments and private agencies and organizations.

60. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 2005, 1969  Medicare and Patient Care Service
1. APhA believes that Health care, including the essential component of patient care services, should be made available to as many people as possible in our society through the most economical system compatible with an acceptable standard of quality.
2. APhA should support the Part B mechanism which is the voluntary supplementary medical insurance program financed equally by beneficiaries and the government.
3. APhA should oppose legislation which would restrict the Medicare drug benefit to specific, chronic diseases.
4. APhA should support the inclusion of patient care services under Medicare or any other federal financing mechanism, providing the program is designed to help persons who need it most and is administratively efficient and economical.
61. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**1993 Pharmacists' Services**

1. APhA supports development of pharmacy payment systems that include reimbursement of the cost of any medication or device provided; the cost of preparing the medication or device; the costs of administrative services; return on capital investment; and payment for both the dispensing-related and non-dispensing-pharmacy services.
2. APhA believes that appropriate incentives for the pharmacist providing care should be part of any payment system.


62. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**2002, 1993 Traditional Sampling and Pharmacy-Based, Starter Dose Programs**

1. APhA encourages the use of pharmacy-based, starter dose programs.
2. APhA recommends that pharmacy-based, starter dose programs should promote patient access, be cost effective, ensure product integrity, maximize patient outcomes and provide appropriate compensation to the pharmacist.
3. APhA recommends that patients and prescribers communicate with pharmacists regarding the use of traditional drug samples to promote safe and effective medication use.
4. APhA encourages that sampling and starter dose programs limit the quantity of medications involved to amounts sufficient for beginning doses only.


63. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**2012, 1989 Recognition of Pharmacy Practice Specialties**

1. APhA endorses the Board of Pharmacy Specialties’ process for recognizing specialties and certifying pharmacists in pharmacy practice specialties.
2. APhA believes that because of the existence of the Board of Pharmacy Specialties’ process, separate governmental recognition of pharmacy specialties and pharmacists in pharmacy practice specialties is not necessary.


64. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**1981 “P.D.” (Pharmacy Doctor) Designation for Pharmacists**

APhA opposes the term “P.D.” (Pharmacy Doctor) as the uniform designation for pharmacists.


65. The Committee recommends **RETAINING** the following policy statement as written.

**1977 Uniform Designation for Pharmacists**

1. The profession of pharmacy should establish and use a uniform designation to identify an individual as a pharmacist.
2. The profession should adopt and use the designation “Pharmacist” following an individual’s name as the uniform designation identifying that individual as a pharmacist.
3. At the discretion of individual pharmacists, earned academic degrees or state licensure designation may be indicated following the uniform designation.

66. The Committee recommends RETAINING the following policy statement as written.

1999 Use of Titles

APhA opposes the use of titles such as “Pharmaceutical Specialist” and “Pharmaceutical Consultant” by sales representatives of pharmaceutical manufacturers.

AMENDED POLICY STATEMENTS

67. The Committee recommends AMENDING the following policy statement as written.

1982 Legislative Restrictions on Therapeutic Clinical Judgment

APhA opposes the enactment of legislation which would act to restrict the therapeutic clinical judgments of medical practitioners and other health professionals.


COMMENTS: The Policy Review Committee recommends AMENDING this policy statement to replace “Therapeutic” with “Clinical” to reflect contemporary terminology.

68. The Committee recommends AMENDING the following policy statement as written.

2012 Contemporary Pharmacy Practice

1. APhA asserts that pharmacists should have the authority and support to practice to the full extent of their education, training, and experience in delivering patient care in all practice settings and activities.
2. APhA supports continuing efforts toward establishing a consistent and accurate perception by the public, lawmakers, regulators, and other health care professionals of the contemporary role and practice of pharmacists by the general public, patients, and all persons and institutions engaged in health care policy, administration, payment, and delivery.
3. APhA supports continued collaboration with stakeholders to facilitate adoption of standardized practice acts, appropriate related laws, and regulations that reflect contemporary pharmacy practice.
4. APhA supports the establishment of multistate pharmacist licensure agreements to address the evolving needs of the pharmacy profession and pharmacist-provided patient care.
5. APhA urges the continued development of consensus documents, in collaboration with medical associations and other stakeholders, that recognize and support pharmacists’ roles in patient care as health care providers.
6. APhA urges universal recognition of pharmacists as health care providers and compensation based on the level of patient care provided using standardized and future health care payment models.

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COMMENTS: The Policy Review Committee recommends AMENDING policy statement #2 to read as follows: APhA supports continuing efforts toward establishing a consistent and accurate perception of the contemporary role and practice of pharmacists by the general public, patients, and all persons and institutions engaged in health care policy, administration, payment, and delivery. These modifications are to incorporate additional individuals or organizations involved in policy development. The Policy Review Committee also recommends AMENDING policy statement #5 to add the word “continued” as some of the documents mentioned in the policy statement have been completed, but additional development may still be necessary.
69. The Committee recommends AMENDING the following policy statement as written.

**2001 Work Schedules**

1. APhA supports a work environment in which innovative work schedules are available to pharmacists and encourages employers to allow meal breaks and rest periods.
2. APhA encourages employers to offer benefit packages that provide dependent-care benefits, such as flexible spending accounts, voucher systems, referral services, on-site dependent care, and negotiated discounts for use of day care facilities, to improve workforce conditions.


**COMMENTS:** The Policy Review Committee recommends AMENDING statement #2 to replace “including, but not limited to” with “such as” as smaller pharmacies may not be able to adhere to the original policy language that includes all items listed.
ARCHIVED POLICY STATEMENTS

70. The Committee recommends ARCHIVING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 2007 Biologic Drug Products
1. APhA encourages the development of safe, effective, and affordable therapeutically equivalent generic/biosimilar versions of biologic drug products, including clinical trials that assess safety.
2. APhA encourages the FDA to develop a scientifically based process to approve therapeutically equivalent generic/biosimilar versions of biologic drug products.
3. APhA should actively support legislation to hasten the development of an efficient regulatory process to approve therapeutically equivalent generic versions of biologic drug products.


COMMENTS: This item is included in both the RETAINING and ARCHIVING sections of this report. The Policy Review Committee recommends ARCHIVING statements #1, 2 and 3 as the committee feels more contemporary and comprehensive policy exists as part of APhA 2016 Biologic, Biosimilar, and Interchangeable Biologic Products. The Policy Review Committee recommends RETAINING statement #4 as this item is still relevant and not covered specifically in other policy statements.

71. The Committee recommends ARCHIVING the following policy statement as written.

2012, 1995 Assuring Pharmacists’ Continuing Competence in Contemporary Practice
1. APhA reaffirms its policy, adopted in 1975, which advocates that pharmacists maintain their professional competence throughout their professional careers.
2. APhA recommends that employers evaluate prospective and current pharmacist employees based on demonstrated competencies in patient care and experience, in addition to education.
3. APhA will develop and implement curricular-based continuing education programs leading to certificates of competence in patient care.
4. APhA will convene a task force to develop and implement a voluntary program which enables pharmacists to assess and improve their continuing professional competence.


COMMENTS: The Policy Review Committee recommends ARCHIVING this policy statement as there is no longer a task force in operation and APhA 2005 Continuing Professional Development policy language encompasses the intent of these items.